

CCDEH Legislative Update

10/16/2017

1. CCDEH: Executive Committee

Location	Measure	Author	Topic	Brief Summary	Current Text	Status	Calendar	Position	Notes 1
8/21/2017-S. APPR. SUSPENSE FILE	AB 64	Bonta D	Cannabis: licensure and regulation.	Both MCRSA and AUMA generally divide responsibility for state licensure and regulation between the Bureau of Marijuana Control (bureau) within the Department of Consumer Affairs, which serves as the lead state agency, the Department of Food and Agriculture, and the State Department of Public Health. AUMA requires the licensing authorities to begin issuing licenses to engage in commercial adult-use cannabis activity by January 1, 2018. This bill, if SB 94 is enacted, would repeal that separate and distinct premises requirement. The bill would also prohibit a testing licensee under MAUCRSA from owning, or having an ownership interest in, a premises licensed under MAUCRSA for any activity except testing.	Amended: 6/27/2017	9/1/2017-In committee: Held under submission.		NEUTRAL	
8/21/2017-S. APPR. SUSPENSE FILE	AB 76	Chau D	Adult-use marijuana: marketing.	Under current law, the Control, Regulate and Tax Adult Use of Marijuana Act (AUMA), approved by the voters at the November 8, 2016, statewide general election, regulates the cultivation, distribution, transport, storage, manufacturing, testing, processing, sale, and use of marijuana for nonmedical purposes by people 21 years of age and older. This bill would prohibit an operator, as defined, of an Internet Web site, online service, online application, or mobile application from marketing or advertising any marijuana, marijuana product, or marijuana business to a person who is under 21 years of age if the operator has actual knowledge that a person under 21 years of age is using its Internet Web site, online service, online application, or mobile application, and if the marketing or advertising is specifically directed to that person based upon information specific to that person, including, but not limited to, the person's profile, activity, address, or location.	Amended: 7/3/2017	9/1/2017-In committee: Held under submission.			
8/24/2017-S. INACTIVE FILE	AB 171	Lackey R	Airport districts: temporary negotiable notes.	The California Airport District Act provides for the formation, organization, and operation of airport districts and authorizes airport districts to issue temporary negotiable notes at not more than 8% interest and not exceeding \$500,000 in total amount outstanding. The act also provides that these notes are general obligations of the district payable from revenues and taxes unless paid from other available funds of the district in the same manner as bonds of the district and that the maturity of the notes may not be later than 20 years from the date issued, and that the total aggregate amount of the notes outstanding at any one time may not exceed 2% of the assessed valuation of the taxable property in the district, or if the assessed valuation is not obtained, then 2% of the county auditor's estimate of the assessed valuation of the taxable property of the district evidenced by the auditor's certificate. This bill would delete these latter provisions.	Amended: 7/10/2017	8/24/2017-Ordered to inactive file at the request of Senator Wilk.			
9/1/2017-S. 2 YEAR	AB 175	Chau D	Cannabis marketing: packaging and labeling.	Would require a manufacturer, prior to introducing an edible cannabis product into commerce in California, to submit the packaging and labeling to the State Department of Public Health for approval and would require the department to determine whether the packaging and labeling are in compliance with the requirements of prescribed provisions of law, including the requirements that the packaging be child resistant and not attractive to children, as specified. The bill would authorize the department to charge a manufacturer a fee for the determination, in an amount no greater than the amount required to cover the actual and reasonable costs of administering the approval program.	Amended: 7/19/2017	9/1/2017-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(12). (Last location was APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 8/21/2017)(May be acted upon 9/20/2017)			
9/12/2017-S. INACTIVE FILE	AB 238	Steinorth R	Nonmedical marijuana: manufacturing: volatile solvents in residential structures.	Would prohibit a manufacturing Level 2 licensee from manufacturing marijuana products using volatile solvents on property zoned for residential or mixed use. The bill would declare that its provisions implement specified substantive provisions and are consistent with and further the intent of the act. This bill contains other existing laws.	Amended: 5/11/2017	9/12/2017-Ordered to inactive file at the request of Senator McGuire.			

7/21/2017-S. 2 YEAR	AB 283	Cooper D	County employees' retirement: permanent incapacity.	The County Employees Retirement Law of 1937 provides that a member who is permanently incapacitated shall be retired for disability despite age if, among other conditions, the member's incapacity is a result of injury or disease arising out of and in the course of the member's employment, and that employment contributes substantially to that incapacity or the member has completed 5 years of service and not waived retirement in respect to the particular incapacity or aggravation thereof, as specified. This bill would require, for purposes of determining permanent incapacity of certain members employed as peace officers, that those members be evaluated by the retirement system to determine if they can perform all of the usual and customary duties of a peace officer, as specified.	Amended: 3/23/2017	7/21/2017- Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(11). (Last location was P.E. & R. on 5/24/2017)(May be acted upon Jan 2018)			
10/6/2017-A. VETOED	AB 350	Salas D	Cannabis edibles: appealing to children.	The Control, Regulate and Tax Adult Use of Marijuana Act (AUMA), enacted by the voters at the November 8, 2016, statewide general election, regulates the cultivation, distribution, and use of cannabis for nonmedical purposes by individuals 21 years of age and older. AUMA places specified requirements on cannabis products, including prohibiting cannabis products that are designed to be appealing to children or easily confused with commercially sold candy or foods that do not contain marijuana. This bill would amend the AUMA to prohibit a cannabis product from being made in the shape of a person, animal, insect, or fruit.	Vetoed: 10/6/2017	10/6/2017- Vetoed by Governor.			
9/1/2017-S. 2 YEAR	AB 389	Salas D	Cannabis: consumer guide.	Would require the Bureau of Marijuana, by July 1, 2018, to establish and make available on its Internet Web site a consumer guide to serve as a resource for the public on the California laws and regulations applicable to medicinal and adult-use cannabis.	Amended: 7/5/2017	9/1/2017-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(12). (Last location was APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 8/21/2017)(May be acted upon 2018)			
8/21/2017-S. APPR. SUSPENSE FILE	AB 420	Wood D	Personal income tax: deduction: commercial cannabis activity.	Would, for each taxable year beginning on and after January 1, 2018, would specifically provide in the Personal Income Tax Law for nonconformity to that federal law disallowing a deduction or credit for business expenses of a trade or business whose activities consist of trafficking specified controlled substances, only for commercial cannabis activity, as defined, authorized under MAUCRSA, thus allowing deduction of business expenses for a cannabis or marijuana trade or business under the Personal Income Tax Law, as provided.	Amended: 7/19/2017	9/1/2017-In committee: Held under submission.		S2	
10/2/2017-A. CHAPTERED	AB 556	Limón D	County ordinances: violations: fines.	Under current law, violation of a county ordinance is generally a misdemeanor, unless by ordinance it is made an infraction. Current law establishes fines for violations of an ordinance determined to be an infraction and limits the amount of fine to \$100 for a first violation, \$200 for a 2nd violation within one year, and \$500 for each additional violation within one year or, in the case of violations of a local building and safety code, a fine not exceeding \$100 for a first violation, \$500 for a 2nd violation within one year, and \$1,000 for each additional violation within one year. This bill would increase the maximum amount of a fine for a violation of an event permit requirement, as defined, to \$150 for a first violation, \$700 for a 2nd occurrence of the same violation by the same owner or operator within 3 years, and \$2,500 for each additional occurrence of the same violation by the same owner or operator within 3 years.	Chaptered: 10/2/2017	10/2/2017- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 405, Statutes of 2017.			
7/24/2017-A. CHAPTERED	AB 585	Gipson D	Public officers.	Current law provides that a sheriff's or police security officer is not a peace officer and may not exercise the powers of arrest of a peace officer, but may issue citations for infractions and may carry or possess a firearm, baton, and other safety equipment and weapons authorized by the sheriff or police chief, as specified. Current law requires each sheriff's or police security officer to satisfactorily complete a specified course of training prior to being assigned to perform his or her duties. This bill would provide, for purposes of those provisions, that a police security officer includes an officer employed by a police division that is within a city department and that operates independently of the city police department commanded by the police chief of a city.	Chaptered: 7/25/2017	7/24/2017- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 107, Statutes of 2017.			

9/16/2017-S. INACTIVE FILE	AB 814	Bloom D	Consumer protection: enforcement powers: investigatory subpoena.	Current law authorizes a district attorney, upon reasonable belief there has been a violation of the Unfair Competition (UCL) or various other laws related to unfair business practices, to exercise all the powers granted to the Attorney General as a head of department to investigate the potential violation, including the authority to issue subpoenas. This bill would specify that this investigatory power granted to the Attorney General as a head of a department applies to a city attorney of a city having a population in excess of 750,000 or to a city attorney of a city and county when those city attorneys reasonably believe that there may have been a violation of the UCL.	Amended: 3/23/2017	9/16/2017-Ordered to inactive file at the request of Senator McGuire.			
9/23/2017-A. CHAPTERED	AB 836	Chiu D	Vending machines: bulk food.	The California Retail Food Code establishes requirements for vending machines, including prohibiting those machines from dispensing bulk potentially hazardous food. Current law authorizes the department to issue a variance to allow the use of an alternative practice or procedure for specified purposes, including for cooking and reheating temperatures for potentially hazardous food. A violation of these provisions is a crime. This bill would authorize the department to issue a variance for dispensing bulk potentially hazardous food from vending machines, as specified.	Chaptered: 9/23/2017	9/23/2017-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 259, Statutes of 2017.			
8/28/2017-S. APPR. SUSPENSE FILE	AB 844	Burke D	California Marijuana Tax Fund: grants for support system navigation services.	Would amend AUMA by requiring GO-Biz to give preference to applicants for grants to provide support system navigation services, as described in AUMA, that meet specific minimum performance standards, including, among other standards, capability of providing service 24 hours per day, 7 days per week, and 365 days per year. This bill would also establish the Community Reinvestments Grants Program Fund, as a continuously appropriated fund, thereby making an appropriation, and require certain funds distributed to GO-Biz pursuant to AUMA to be deposited into that fund.	Amended: 8/22/2017	9/1/2017-In committee: Held under submission.			
8/21/2017-S. APPR. SUSPENSE FILE	AB 845	Wood D	Cannabidiol.	The California Uniform Controlled Substances Act, classifies controlled substances into 5 designated schedules with the most restrictive limitations generally placed on controlled substances classified in Schedule I, and the least restrictive limitations generally placed on controlled substances classified in Schedule V. Existing law places cannabis in Schedule I. Cannabidiol is a compound found in cannabis. This bill, if one of specified changes in federal law regarding the controlled substance cannabidiol occurs, would provide that a physician, pharmacist, or other authorized healing arts licensee who prescribes, furnishes, or dispenses a product composed of cannabidiol, in accordance with federal law, is in compliance with state law governing those acts.	Amended: 7/11/2017	9/1/2017-In committee: Held under submission.			
8/21/2017-S. APPR. SUSPENSE FILE	AB 948	Bonta D	Cannabis: taxation: electronic funds transfer.	Would, until January 1, 2022, authorize a person licensed under MAUCRSA whose estimated tax liability under that law averages \$10,000 or more per month to remit amounts due by a means other than electronic funds transfer if the California Department of Tax and Fee Administration deems it necessary to facilitate collection of amounts due. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.	Amended: 7/10/2017	9/1/2017-In committee: Held under submission.			
8/21/2017-S. APPR. SUSPENSE FILE	AB 1002	Cooley D	Center for Cannabis Research.	Current law authorizes the creation by the University of California of the California Cannabis Research Program, the purpose of which is to develop and conduct studies intended to ascertain the general medical safety and efficacy of cannabis and, if found valuable, to develop medical guidelines for the appropriate administration and use of cannabis. Current law authorizes the program to conduct focused controlled clinical trials on the usefulness of cannabis in patients diagnosed with specified conditions, including cancer and glaucoma. This bill would expand the purview of the program to include the study of naturally occurring constituents of cannabis and synthetic compounds that have effects similar to naturally occurring cannabinoids. al cannabis.	Amended: 7/18/2017	9/1/2017-In committee: Held under submission.			
10/12/2017-A. CHAPTERED	AB 1410	Wood D	Penalty assessments: emergency services and children's health care coverage funding.	Would rename the Emergency Medical Air Transportation Act Fund as the Emergency Medical Air Transportation and Children's Coverage Fund and would authorize the State Department of Health Care Services to use money from the fund, upon appropriation by the Legislature, to fund children's health care coverage in addition to the purposes as specified. This bill would extend the dates of the Emergency Medical Air Transportation Act, so that the assessment of the penalties will terminate commencing January 1, 2020, and any moneys unexpended and unencumbered in the Emergency Medical Air Transportation and Children's Coverage Fund on June 30, 2021, would be transferred to the General Fund.	Chaptered: 10/12/2017	10/12/2017-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 718, Statutes of 2017.			

5/24/2017-S. B., P. & E.D.	AB 1527	Cooley D	State and local marijuana regulatory agencies: employees.	Would prohibit a former employee of the Bureau of Marijuana Control, a licensing authority, the panel, or a local jurisdiction who had specified regulatory or licensing responsibilities from being employed by a person or entity licensed under AUMA or MCRSA for a period of one year from the last date of employment by the bureau, licensing authority, panel, or local jurisdiction.	Introduced: 2/17/2017	6/26/2017-In committee: Set, first hearing. Hearing canceled at the request of author.			
9/11/2017-S. INACTIVE FILE	AB 1578	Jones-Sawyer D	Cannabis programs: cooperation with federal authorities.	Would prohibit a state or local agency, as defined, from taking certain actions without a federal agent obtaining a court order signed by a judge and presenting that order to the state or local agency, including using agency money, facilities, property, equipment, or personnel to assist a federal agency to investigate, detain, detect, report, obtain information, or arrest a person for commercial or noncommercial cannabis activity that is authorized or allowed under state and local law in the State of California and from transferring an individual to federal law enforcement or detaining an individual at the request of federal law enforcement or federal authorities for cannabis-related activity that is legal under state and applicable local law.	Amended: 8/28/2017	9/11/2017-Ordered to inactive file at the request of Senator Wiener.			
7/14/2017-S. 2 YEAR	AB 1627	Cooley D	Adult Use Marijuana Act: testing laboratories.	Would transfer the regulation of testing laboratories under AUMA from the State Department of Public Health to the bureau. AUMA authorizes the Legislature to amend, by a majority vote, certain provisions of the act to implement specified substantive provisions, provided that the amendments are consistent with and further the purposes and intent of the act. This bill would declare that its provisions implement specified substantive provisions of AUMA. The bill would also declare that its provisions further specified purposes and the intent of that act.	Introduced: 2/17/2017	7/14/2017-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(10). (Last location was B., P. & E.D. on 5/24/2017)(May be acted upon 11/2017)		REVIEW	Reach out to author
7/14/2017-A. 2 YEAR	SB 175	McGuire D	Marijuana: county of origin: marketing and advertising.	The Control, Regulate and Tax Adult Use of Marijuana Act (AUMA), an initiative measure enacted by the approval of Proposition 64 at the November 8, 2016, statewide general election, provides for the licensure and regulation of commercial nonmedical marijuana activities, for which responsibility is also generally divided between those same state entities. Both MCRSA and AUMA prohibit the use of the name of a California county in the labeling, marketing, or packaging of medical marijuana products or nonmedical marijuana products unless the marijuana contained in the product was grown in that county. This bill would specify that those prohibitions also apply to the advertising of marijuana and include the use of any similar sounding name that is likely to mislead consumers as to the	Amended: 3/16/2017	7/14/2017-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(10). (Last location was AGRI. on 6/15/2017)(May be acted upon Jan 2018)			
7/14/2017-A. 2 YEAR	SB 262	Wieckowski D	Climate change: climate adaptation: advisory council.	Current law requires the Office of Planning and Research to establish an advisory council, comprised of members for a range of disciplines, to support the office's goals to facilitate coordination among state, regional, and local agency efforts to adapt to the impacts of climate change. This bill would specify that the members on the advisory council serve staggered terms of 4 years. The bill would require the members of the advisory council to select a chairperson from their members.	Introduced: 2/8/2017	7/14/2017-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(10). (Last location was NAT. RES. on 5/18/2017)(May be acted upon 11/2017)			
5/26/2017-S. 2 YEAR	SB 263	Leyva D	Climate Assistance Centers.	Would require the Would require the Strategic Growth Council, among other things, to establish no less than 10 regional climate assistance centers, as specified, and award competitive grants to eligible entities through an application process, as specified. The bill would require the climate assistance centers to provide to target user groups technical assistance in applying for moneys, provide to target user groups assistance and training in project management and implementation, and work with local organizations to formulate policies and programming that accomplish specified goals.	Amended: 5/3/2017	5/26/2017-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(5). (Last location was APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 5/25/2017)(May be acted upon 11/2017)			

7/21/2017-A. 2 YEAR	SB 311	Pan D	Medical cannabis and nonmedical marijuana: testing by a licensee.	The Medical Cannabis Regulation and Safety Act and the Adult Use of Marijuana Act, requires all cultivators, manufacturers, and licensees holding a producing dispensary license in addition to a cultivation or manufacturing license to send all medical cannabis, medical cannabis products, marijuana, and marijuana products cultivated or manufactured to a distributor for presale quality assurance and inspection by a distributor and for a batch testing by a testing laboratory prior to distribution to a dispensary or retailer. This bill would also authorize a licensee to perform testing on the licensee's premises of cannabis or cannabis products obtained from another licensee for the purpose of quality assurance.	Introduced: 2/13/2017	7/21/2017- Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(11). (Last location was B.&P. on 6/15/2017)(May be acted upon Jan 2018)			
9/11/2017-S. VETOED	SB 663	Nielsen R	Packages and labels of cannabis or cannabis products: children.	Would specify that a package or label of cannabis or cannabis products is deemed to be attractive to children if the package or label has specific characteristics, including, among others, displaying a name resembling the name of any candy, snack food, baked good, or beverage commercially sold without cannabis. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.	Vetoed: 9/11/2017	9/11/2017- Vetoed by the Governor. In Senate. Consideration of Governor's item veto pending.			
9/15/2017-S. CHAPTERED	SJR 5	Stone R	Federal rescheduling of marijuana from a Schedule I drug.	This measure would request that the Congress of the United States pass a law to reschedule marijuana or cannabis and its derivatives from a Schedule I drug to an alternative schedule and that the President of the United States sign such legislation.	Chaptered: 9/22/2017	9/15/2017- Chaptered by Secretary of State- Chapter 187, Statues of 2017			

2. CCDEH: Food Safety

Location	Measure	Author	Topic	Brief Summary	Current Text	Status	Calendar	Position	Notes 1
7/17/2017-A. CHAPTERED	AB 323	Berman D	CalFresh: emergency food provider referrals.	Current law requires a county welfare department to compile a list of emergency food providers and make that list available upon request. This bill, to be known as the County Human Services Information and Referral Modernization Act of 2017, would authorize a county human services agency to refer a CalFresh applicant or recipient to the 2-1-1 dial code to access information on emergency food providers and supplemental food assistance providers in lieu of providing a list if the county deems that method to be the most appropriate to serve an applicant or recipient.	Chaptered: 7/18/2017	7/18/2017- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 68, Statutes of 2017		S3	PHI
9/27/2017-A. CHAPTERED	AB 465	Ting D	Urban agricultural incentive zones.	The Urban Agriculture Incentive Zones Act authorizes, under specified conditions, a city, county, or city and county to establish by ordinance an urban agriculture incentive zone for the purpose of entering into voluntary contracts with landowners to enforceably restrict the use of vacant, unimproved, or otherwise blighted lands for small-scale production of agricultural crops and animal husbandry. Current law prohibits a city, county, or city and county from entering into a new contract or renewing an existing contract under these provisions after January 1, 2019. This bill would extend the authorization for a city, county, or city and county and a landowner to enter into those contracts to January 1, 2029.	Chaptered: 9/27/2017	9/27/2017- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 313, Statutes of 2017.		WATCH	
5/26/2017-A. 2 YEAR	AB 626	Garcia, Eduardo D	California Retail Food Code: microenterprise home kitchen operations.	The California Retail Food Code establishes uniform health and sanitation standards for retail food facilities for regulation by the State Department of Public Health, and requires local health agencies to enforce these provisions. This bill would, among other things, include a microenterprise home kitchen operation within the definition of a food facility, and would define a microenterprise home kitchen operation to mean a food facility that is operated by a resident of a private home where food is prepared for a consumer and that meets specified requirements, including, among others, that the operation has no more than one full-time equivalent food employee and has no more than \$50,000 in verifiable gross annual sales.	Amended: 5/2/2017	5/26/2017- Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(5). (Last location was APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 5/24/2017)(May be acted upon		O/A	HIGH PRIORITY 2 year bill
7/21/2017-A. CHAPTERED	AB 768	Aguiar-Curry D	Certified farmers' markets: enforcement: civil penalties.	Current law, until January 1, 2018, provides that in lieu of prosecution for a violation of the provisions regulating certified farmers' markets, the Secretary of Food and Agriculture or a county agricultural commissioner may levy a civil penalty against a person who violates those provisions or any regulation implemented pursuant to those provisions, as specified. This bill would delete the repeal provision, thereby indefinitely extending the operation of the provision authorizing the secretary and county agricultural commissioners to levy civil penalties in lieu of prosecution	Chaptered: 7/21/2017	7/21/2017- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 83, Statutes of 2017.		WATCH	

9/23/2017-A. CHAPTERED	AB 836	Chiu D	Vending machines: bulk food.	The California Retail Food Code establishes requirements for vending machines, including prohibiting those machines from dispensing bulk potentially hazardous food. Current law authorizes the department to issue a variance to allow the use of an alternative practice or procedure for specified purposes, including for cooking and reheating temperatures for potentially hazardous food. A violation of these provisions is a crime. This bill would authorize the department to issue a variance for dispensing bulk potentially hazardous food from vending machines, as specified.	Chaptered: 9/23/2017	9/23/2017- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 259, Statutes of 2017.		O/A to NEUTRAL	Refer to CDPH Amendments taken
10/14/2017-A. CHAPTERED	AB 954	Chiu D	Food labeling: quality and safety dates.	Current law provides that all food labeling regulations and any amendments to those regulations adopted pursuant to the federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act shall be the food labeling regulations of this state, and authorizes the State Department of Public Health to adopt additional food labeling regulations. This bill would require the Department of Food and Agriculture, in consultation with the State Department of Public Health, on or before July 1, 2018, to publish information to encourage food manufacturers, processors, and retailers responsible for the labeling of food products to voluntarily use uniform terms on food product labels to communicate quality dates and safety dates, and would require the department to promote the consistent use of those terms.	Chaptered: 10/14/2017	10/14/2017- Signed by the Governor		S2	Support letter
9/1/2017-S. 2 YEAR	AB 958	Ting D	Hazardous materials: perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances.	Under its regulatory authority, the Department of Toxic Substances Control has adopted the 2015-17 Priority Product Work Plan, which describes categories from which the department will select priority products for which safer alternatives are to be evaluated. This bill would require the department to include in the 2018-20 Priority Product Work Plan, and subsequent work plans, as necessary, food packaging containing perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substances. The bill would require the department, on or before January 1, 2020, to begin the adoption of Green Chemistry regulations for that food packaging, unless the department, on or before January 1, 2019, makes a finding that sufficient data is not available to conduct and complete the priority product evaluation and regulatory process for that food packaging.	Amended: 7/17/2017	9/1/2017-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(12). (Last location was APPR. on 7/17/2017)(May be acted upon Jan 2018)		S2 in concept	PHI
10/13/2017-A. CHAPTERED	AB 1127	Calderon D	Baby diaper changing stations.	Would require new construction or renovation of a public building, as specified, that is owned by a state or a local agency, or a portion of a building that is owned by a state or local agency and includes at least one restroom that is open to the public, to provide at least one safe, sanitary, convenient, and publicly accessible baby diaper changing station, as specified. The bill would require each station to be maintained, repaired, and replaced as necessary to ensure safety and ease of use, and to be cleaned with the same frequency as the restroom in which it is located. By imposing a higher level of service on local agencies, the bill would impose a state-	Chaptered: 10/13/2017	10/13/2017- Chaptered by Secretary of State- Chapter 755, Statues of 2017		S2	
10/9/2017-A. CHAPTERED	AB 1219	Eggman D	Food donations.	Current law specifies that a food facility that donates any food that is fit for human consumption at the time it was donated to a nonprofit charitable organization or a food bank is not liable for any damage or injury resulting from the consumption of the donated food, unless the injury resulted from negligence or a willful act in the preparation or handling of the donated food. This bill, the California Good Samaritan Food Donation Act, would expand these provisions to persons and gleaners who donate food, as defined. The bill would narrow the exception to protection from liability to injury resulting from gross negligence or intentional misconduct.	Chaptered: 10/9/2017	10/9/2017- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 619, Statutes of 2017.		S2	CA extend GMA PHI Support if Amended letter to ASM Talamantes-Eggman on 3/24/2017 Support as proposed to be amended letter to SEN Health committee 6/13/2017 Amendments taken
10/11/2017-A. VETOED	AB 1461	Thurmond D	Food facility employee: food handler cards.	Would require an employee of a food facility that is a business organized for profit that offers meal subscription plans, as defined, who is a food handler to obtain a food handler card in accordance with the requirements as specified. By imposing duties on local officials and creating a new crime, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.	Vetoed: 10/11/2017	10/11/2017- Vetoed by Governor.		S2	Support letter to ASM Thurmond 5/26/2017 Support SEN Floor alert 8/2017 Op-ed in Sac Bee

9/25/2017-S. CHAPTERED	SB 557	Hernandez D	Food donations and pupil meals: schools.	Current law generally prohibits food that is unused or returned by the consumer, after being served or sold and in the possession of a consumer, from being offered as food for human consumption. Current law authorizes a container of food that is not potentially hazardous to be transferred from one consumer to another if the food is dispensed so that it is protected from contamination and the container is closed between uses or if the food is in an unopened original package and is maintained in sound condition, and if the food is checked periodically on a regular basis. This bill would exempt from this prohibition specified food that food service staff, pupils, and faculty return to a sharing table at a local educational agency, as defined, and that is made available to pupils during the course of a regular school meal time	Chaptered: 9/25/2017	9/25/2017- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State. Chapter 285, Statutes of 2017.		S1	PHI Support letter to SEN Hernandez on 3/24/2017
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3. CCDEH: Solid Waste

Location	Measure	Author	Topic	Brief Summary	Current Text	Status	Calendar	Position	Notes 1
7/14/2017-S. 2 YEAR	AB 444	Ting D	Medical waste: home-generated medical waste.	The Medical Waste Management Act generally regulates the management and disposal of medical waste. This bill would authorize the California Environmental Protection Agency to develop a statewide program for the collection, transportation, and disposal of home-generated medical waste, as defined.	Amended: 4/18/2017	7/14/2017- Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(10). (Last location was E.Q. on 6/8/2017)(May be acted upon 1/8/2018)		S2	Marin Review
9/1/2017-S. 2 YEAR	AB 509	Frazier D	Tire recycling: California tire regulatory fee and waste tire program.	Would require, until January 1, 2024, upon a specified finding by the Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery, a waste tire generator that is a retail seller of new tires to end user purchasers to pay a California tire regulatory fee and to remit that fee to the state on a quarterly schedule for deposit in the California Tire Recycling Management Fund. The bill would require the department to track revenue from the California tire regulatory fee separately and would prohibit those funds from being used for activities other than those specified.	Amended: 6/22/2017	9/1/2017- Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(12). (Last location was APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 7/17/2017)(May be acted upon 1/22/2018)		S2	Sonoma Review
7/14/2017-S. 2 YEAR	AB 514	Salas D	Medical waste: pharmaceuticals.	The Medical Waste Management Act provides that transporting, storing, treating, disposing, or causing the treatment or disposal of medical waste in a manner not authorized by permit or registration, or by the act, is a crime, except as specified. For purposes of the act, the term "pharmaceutical" is defined to mean a prescription or over-the-counter human or veterinary drug, including, but not limited to, a drug defined in the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, but does not include a pharmaceutical regulated pursuant to the federal Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976 or the Radiation Control Law. This bill would additionally except from the definition of "pharmaceutical" herbal-based remedies, homeopathic drugs, remedies, and any other product with a National Drug Code identifying the product as "homeopathic," and cosmetics, soap, shampoo, sunscreen, toothpaste, lip balm, antiperspirant, and saline products.	Amended: 4/17/2017	7/14/2017- Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(10). (Last location was E.Q. on 7/5/2017)(May be acted upon Jan 2018)		REVIEW	
10/6/2017-A. VETOED	AB 725	Levine D	State beaches and parks: smoking ban.	Would make it an infraction for a person to smoke, as defined, on a state coastal beach or in a unit of the state park system or to dispose of used cigar or cigarette waste on a state coastal beach or in a unit of the state park system, with certain exceptions, as specifically provided. The bill would establish a state-mandated local program by creating a new crime.	Vetoed: 10/6/2017	10/6/2017- Vetoed by Governor.		S3	
10/14/2017-A. CHAPTERED	AB 954	Chiu D	Food labeling: quality and safety dates.	Current law provides that all food labeling regulations and any amendments to those regulations adopted pursuant to the federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act shall be the food labeling regulations of this state, and authorizes the State Department of Public Health to adopt additional food labeling regulations. This bill would require the Department of Food and Agriculture, in consultation with the State Department of Public Health, on or before July 1, 2018, to publish information to encourage food manufacturers, processors, and retailers responsible for the labeling of food products to voluntarily use uniform terms on food product labels to communicate quality dates and safety dates, and would require the department to promote the consistent use of those terms.	Chaptered: 10/14/2017	10/14/2017- Signed by the Governor		S2	Sonoma review

7/14/2017-S. 2 YEAR	AB 1036	McCarty D	Organic waste: composting.	Current law requires the California Environmental Protection Agency and the Department of Food and Agriculture, with the Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery, the State Water Resources Control Board, and the State Air Resources Board, to, among other things, assess the state's progress toward developing the organic waste processing and recycling infrastructure necessary to meet the state goals specified in certain state laws and documents. This bill would require those entities to assess the state's progress towards developing the organic waste processing and recycling infrastructure necessary to meet the state goals specified in an additional state law, as provided, and would make other changes in these	Amended: 6/20/2017	7/14/2017- Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(10). (Last location was E.Q. on 5/18/2017)(May be acted upon Jan 2018)		S2	
10/14/2017-A. CHAPTERED	AB 1158	Chu D	Carpet recycling.	Current law requires a manufacturer of carpets sold in this state to submit, either individually or through a carpet stewardship organization, a carpet stewardship plan that meets specified requirements to the Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery. This bill would provide that it is the goal of the state to reach a 24% recycling rate for postconsumer carpet by January 1, 2020, and to meet or exceed that rate continually thereafter. The bill would require a carpet stewardship plan to achieve a 24% recycling rate for postconsumer carpet by January 1, 2020, and to include quantifiable 5-year goals and annual goals, as specified.	Chaptered: 10/14/2017	10/14/2017-Signed by the Governor		REVIEW	Sign-on support letter to SEN Approps committee 8/28/2017
10/9/2017-A. CHAPTERED	AB 1219	Eggman D	Food donations.	Current law specifies that a food facility that donates any food that is fit for human consumption at the time it was donated to a nonprofit charitable organization or a food bank is not liable for any damage or injury resulting from the consumption of the donated food, unless the injury resulted from negligence or a willful act in the preparation or handling of the donated food. This bill, the California Good Samaritan Food Donation Act, would expand these provisions to persons and gleaners who donate food, as defined. The bill would narrow the exception to protection from liability to injury resulting from gross negligence or intentional misconduct.	Chaptered: 10/9/2017	10/9/2017- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 619, Statutes of 2017.		S2	Support if Amended letter to ASM Talamantes-Eggman on 3/24/2017 Support as proposed to be amended letter to SEN Health committee 6/13/2017 Amendments taken
7/14/2017-S. 2 YEAR	AB 1288	Eggman D	Solid waste: management: funding.	Current law requires methane emissions reduction goals to include specified targets for reducing organic waste in landfills. Current law requires the Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery, in consultation with the State Air Resources Board, to adopt regulations that achieve the specified targets for reducing organic waste in landfills. This bill would require the department, in adopting those regulations, to conduct at least one public workshop to discuss funding strategies for new and expanded organic waste reduction infrastructure, including, but not limited to, existing public and private funding models and opportunities for new statewide funding sources.	Amended: 5/1/2017	7/14/2017- Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(10). (Last location was E.Q. on 6/1/2017)(May be acted upon Jan 2018)		REVIEW (P1)	No \$\$ inserted yet 2 year bill
7/14/2017-S. 2 YEAR	AB 1594	Bloom D	Ocean protection: plastic pollution.	Current law provides that any action to increase recycling taken by the Division of Recycling in the Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery, or by any person or entity, affecting, among other things, the method of invoicing the sale of beverages as provided is not a violation of specified laws relating to business practices. This bill would provide that any action to increase recycling taken by the Division of Recycling in the Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery, or by any person or entity, affecting, among other things, the method of invoicing the sale of any food or drinks for the purposes of increasing food and drink packaging recycling is not a violation of specified laws relating to business practices.	Amended: 6/26/2017	7/14/2017- Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(10). (Last location was E.Q. on 7/6/2017)(May be acted upon Jan 2018)		S1 in concept	
7/21/2017-A. 2 YEAR	SB 212	Jackson D	Medical waste.	Current law, the Medical Waste Management Act, administered by the State Department of Public Health, regulates the management and handling of medical waste, as defined. This bill add to the act a definition of "home-generated pharmaceutical waste" as a prescription or over-the-counter human or veterinary home-generated pharmaceutical that is waste and is derived from a household, including, but not limited to, a multifamily residence or household.	Introduced: 2/1/2017	7/21/2017- Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(11). (Last location was E.S. & T.M. on 5/18/2017)(May be acted upon Jan 2018)		S2	

10/6/2017-S. VETOED	SB 386	Glazer D	State beaches and parks: smoking ban.	Would make it an infraction punishable by a fine of up to \$100 for a person to smoke, as defined, on a state coastal beach or in a unit of the state park system or to dispose of used cigar or cigarette waste on a state coastal beach or in a unit of the state park system. The bill would establish a state-mandated local program by creating a new crime.	Vetoed: 10/6/2017	10/6/2017-Vetoed by the Governor. In Senate. Consideration of Governor's veto pending.		S3	
6/2/2017-S. 2 YEAR	SB 705	Allen D	Solid waste: expanded polystyrene food service containers.	Would enact the Ocean Pollution Reduction Act of 2017. The bill would prohibit a food vendor, as defined, that is subject to specified federal requirements for the posting of calories and nutrients imposed upon restaurants and other retail food establishments, on and after January 1, 2020, from dispensing prepared food to a customer in an expanded polystyrene food service container. The bill would prohibit all food vendors from dispensing prepared food to a customer in an expanded polystyrene food service container on and after January 1, 2022.	Amended: 5/26/2017	6/2/2017-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(8). (Last location was INACTIVE FILE on 6/1/2017)(May be acted upon Jan 2018)		S1	Sonoma review Phase out like Santa Monica Support letter to SEN Approps 5/16/2017 Sign-on support SEN floor alert 5/30/2017 2 year bill

4. CCDEH: CUPA

Location	Measure	Author	Topic	Brief Summary	Current Text	Status	Calendar	Position	Notes 1
10/9/2017-A. CHAPTERED	AB 55	Thurmond D	Hazardous materials management: stationary sources.	Current law requires certain owners and operators of stationary sources, when contracting for the performance of construction, alteration, demolition, installation, repair, or maintenance work at the stationary source, to require that its contractors and any subcontractors use a skilled and trained workforce, including skilled journeypersons, to perform all onsite work within an apprenticeable occupation in the building and construction trades. Current law exempts an owner or operator from that requirement if the contract was awarded before January 1, 2014, unless the contract is extended or renewed after that date. This bill would require a worker to have completed, within the prior 3 calendar years, at least 20 hours of this approved advanced safety training to qualify as a "skilled journeyperson" for purposes of performing this work on or after July 1, 2018.	Chaptered: 10/9/2017	10/9/2017-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 608, Statutes of 2017.		REVIEW	
10/5/2017-A. CHAPTERED	AB 245	Quirk D	Hazardous waste: enforcement.	Current law permits the Department of Toxic Substances Control or an agency authorized to implement and enforce certain laws relating to hazardous materials, known as a unified program agency, to enforce the Hazardous Waste Control Law. Current law authorizes the department or a unified program agency to issue an order that requires a violation to be corrected and imposes an administrative penalty when there is a violation of the hazardous waste control laws, laws regulating hazardous substances, or any permit, rule, regulation, standard, or requirement issued or adopted pursuant to those laws. Under existing law, a person who does not comply with the order is subject to a civil penalty. This bill would increase these administrative and civil penalties to \$70,000 and would make nonsubstantive changes in these provisions.	Chaptered: 10/5/2017	10/5/2017-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 499, Statutes of 2017.		S3	
10/6/2017-A. CHAPTERED	AB 246	Santiago D	Environmental quality: Jobs and Economic Improvement Through Environmental Leadership Act of 2011.	The Jobs and Economic Improvement Through Environmental Leadership Act of 2011 authorizes the Governor, until January 1, 2018, to certify projects that meet certain requirements, including the requirement that the project is certified as LEED silver or better by the United States Green Building Council, achieves a 10% greater standard for transportation efficiency than for comparable projects, and creates high-wage, highly skilled jobs that pay prevailing wages and living wages, for streamlining benefits provided by that act. The act provides that if a lead agency fails to approve a project certified by the Governor before January 1, 2019, the certification expires and is no longer valid. The act requires a lead agency to prepare the record of proceedings for the certified project concurrent with the preparation of the environmental documents. The act is repealed by its own terms on January 1, 2019. This bill would increase the certification of the project to LEED gold or better and increase the transportation efficiency to a 15% greater standard.	Chaptered: 10/6/2017	10/6/2017-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 522, Statutes of 2017.		S3	

10/10/2017-A. VETOED	AB 248	Reyes D	Hazardous waste: facilities: permits.	Would require, for a hazardous waste facilities permit that will expire on or before July 1, 2020, the owner or operator of a facility intending to extend the term of that permit to submit a Part A and Part B application for a permit renewal at least 6 months before the fixed term of the permit expires. The bill would require, for a hazardous waste facilities permit that will expire after July 1, 2020, the owner or operator to submit a Part A and Part B application for a permit renewal at least 2 years before the fixed term of the permit expires.	Vetoed: 10/10/2017	10/10/2017-Vetoed by Governor.		S3	
10/7/2017-A. CHAPTERED	AB 249	Mullin D	Political Reform Act of 1974: campaign disclosures.	Current law, the Political Reform Act of 1974, provides for the comprehensive regulation of campaign financing and activities. The act requires a committee that supports or opposes ballot measures to name and identify itself using a name or phrase that clearly identifies the economic or other special interests of its major donors of \$50,000 or more. The act also requires that the identity of a common employer shared by major donors be disclosed. This bill would repeal these provisions.	Chaptered: 10/7/2017	10/7/2017-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 546, Statutes of 2017.		S3	
10/9/2017-A. VETOED	AB 402	Thurmond D	Occupational safety and health standards: plume.	Would, by June 1, 2018, require the Division of Occupational Safety and Health to convene an advisory committee to develop a regulation that requires a health facility to evacuate or remove plume through the use of a plume scavenging system in all settings that employ techniques that involve the creation of plume and would authorize certain entities and people to be on the advisory committee, including, among others, practicing physicians and surgeons from affected specialties.	Vetoed: 10/9/2017	10/9/2017-Vetoed by Governor.		REVIEW	
4/28/2017-A. 2 YEAR	AB 421	Santiago D	Hazardous substances: liability: responsible parties.	Current law, the Carpenter-Presley-Tanner Hazardous Substance Account Act, imposes liability for hazardous substance removal or remedial actions. The act defines "responsible party" and "liable person" for its purposes to mean those persons described in a specified provision of the federal Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980, which includes persons who are, in specified ways, responsible for the disposal of hazardous substances. This bill would require that, for purposes of that definition, for a cause of action that accrued on or after January 1, 1982, "disposal," as it is used in that federal provision, includes emissions into the air.	Introduced: 2/9/2017	4/28/2017- Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was JUD. on 4/5/2017)(May be acted upon Jan 2018)		S2	LA Healthy sponsor 2 year bill
10/15/2017-A. CHAPTERED	AB 474	Garcia, Eduardo D	Hazardous waste: spent brine solutions.	Current law exempts from certain requirements of the Hazardous Waste Control Law wastes from the extraction, beneficiation, or processing of ores and minerals that are not subject to regulation under the federal Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976, including spent brine solutions used to produce geothermal energy that meet specified requirements. This bill would exempt spent brine solutions that are byproducts of the treatment of groundwater to meet California drinking water standards from those same requirements if certain conditions are met, including that the spent brine solutions are transferred for dewatering via a closed piping system to lined surface impoundments regulated by the California regional water quality control boards.	Chaptered: 10/15/2017	10/15/2017-Signed by the Governor		S/A	Add Sac Co language regarding handling of haz waste
10/5/2017-A. VETOED	AB 1120	Cooper D	Controlled substances: butane.	Would require a person or entity that sells any quantity of nonodorized butane, as defined, to a customer, as defined, to record specified information about the transaction, including the identity of the customer and to maintain that information for 2 years. The bill would, subject to available funds, require the Department of Justice to create a database of butane purchases and to post a notice on its Internet Web site when the database is operational. The bill would require sellers of nonodorized butane to keep hard copy records of nonodorized butane sales and to electronically submit a report to the Department of Justice upon request.	Vetoed: 10/5/2017	10/5/2017-Vetoed by Governor.		S2	Under consumer products Refer to cannabis ad-hoc group Honey oil labs
10/10/2017-A. VETOED	AB 1179	Kalra D	Hazardous waste facilities: inspections.	Would require the Department of Toxic Substances Control to adopt regulations establishing inspection frequencies for permitted hazardous waste treatment, storage, and disposal facilities, hazardous waste generators, and hazardous waste transporters, as specified. The bill would require the inspection frequency for a hazardous waste land disposal facility to be no less than 2 times per calendar year and, for any other permitted hazardous waste treatment, storage, or disposal facility, no less than once per calendar year.	Vetoed: 10/10/2017	10/10/2017-Vetoed by Governor.		NEUTRAL	

9/27/2017-A. CHAPTERED	AB 1438	Committee on Environmental Safety and Toxic Materials	State Water Resources Control Board: environmental laboratories: public water systems: certificates and permits: procedures.	The Environmental Laboratory Accreditation Act authorizes the State Water Resources Control Board to adopt regulations to establish reporting requirements, establish the accreditation procedures, recognize the accreditation of laboratories located outside California, and collect laboratory accreditation fees. Current law authorizes the state board to implement these provisions by entering and inspecting laboratories for these purposes, as specified. Current law makes it a crime to interfere with the state board with regard to those inspection provisions. This bill would revise and recast those provisions.	Chaptered: 9/27/2017	9/27/2017- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 327, Statutes of 2017.		S3	
9/26/2017-A. CHAPTERED	AB 1439	Committee on Environmental Safety and Toxic Materials	Hazardous materials: reporting.	Current law requires the Department of Toxic Substances Control to implement a procedure for the electronic reporting of all hazardous waste facilities permit modifications, to the extent the Secretary for Environmental Protection determines that the procedure is compatible with the electronic reporting standards adopted by the secretary. This bill would repeal this provision.	Chaptered: 9/26/2017	9/26/2017- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 301, Statutes of 2017.		NEUTRAL	
9/11/2017-S. INACTIVE FILE	AB 1441	Committee on Environmental Safety and Toxic Materials	Hazardous waste: transportation : electronic manifests.	Current law, which is part of the hazardous waste control law, imposes various manifest requirements for transporting hazardous waste. This bill would authorize specified manifest requirements for transporting hazardous waste, including requirements to give, provide, send, forward, or return to another person a copy of a manifest, to sign a manifest or manifest certification by hand, or to keep or retain a copy of a manifest, to be satisfied through the use of the United States Environmental Protection Agency electronic manifest (e-Manifest) system, once it comes online.	Amended: 6/15/2017	9/11/2017- Ordered to inactive file at the request of Senator Wieckowski.		S3	
10/8/2017-A. CHAPTERED	AB 1646	Muratsuchi D	Hazardous materials: unified program agency: integrated alerting and notification system.	Would require each local implementing agency, as defined, to develop an integrated alerting and notification system, in coordination with local emergency management agencies, UPAs, local first response agencies, petroleum refineries, and the public, to be used to notify the community surrounding a petroleum refinery in the event of an incident at the refinery warranting the use of the notification system. The bill would require the notification system to be configured, as specified, and used to alert and notify the communities surrounding a petroleum refinery, including schools, public facilities, hospitals, transient and special needs populations, as defined, and residential care homes.	Chaptered: 10/8/2017	10/8/2017- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 588, Statutes of 2017.		S/A	Amendments taken Support SEN Approps alert 8/2017
10/8/2017-A. CHAPTERED	AB 1647	Muratsuchi D	Petroleum refineries: air monitoring systems.	Current law authorizes the State Air Resources Board or the air district to require the owner or the operator of an air pollution emission source to take any action that the state board or the air district determines to be reasonable for the determination of the amount of air pollution emissions from that source. This bill would require a refinery-related community air monitoring system, as defined, to be installed on or before January 1, 2020, as specified, and would require an air district to design, develop, install, operate, and maintain the refinery-related community air monitoring system or to contract with a third party to provide those services.	Chaptered: 10/8/2017	10/8/2017- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 589, Statutes of 2017.		S2	LA and Kern have systems
7/31/2017-A. CHAPTERED	AB 1689	Committee on Environmental Safety and Toxic Materials	Business plans: combustible metals.	Current law requires a business that handles a hazardous material or a mixture containing a hazardous material at any one time during the reporting year in quantities equal to, or greater than, 55 gallons for materials that are liquids, 500 pounds for solids, or 200 cubic feet for compressed gas to establish and implement a business plan for emergency response to a release, or threatened release, of the hazardous material. This bill would also require businesses that handle combustible metals or metal alloys, as described, in specified quantities, to establish and implement a business plan of this type.	Chaptered: 7/31/2017	7/31/2017- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 159, Statutes of 2017.		SPONSOR/S1	Support letter to ASM ES&TM on 3/20/2017 Check amendment referred to by Jim Bohon Taking amendments in FO
9/1/2017-A. 2 YEAR	SB 188	Jackson D	State lands: leasing: oil and gas.	Would prohibit the State Lands Commission and the local trustees of granted public trust lands from entering into any new lease or other conveyance or from entering into any lease renewal, extension, or modification that authorizes a lessee to engage in new or additional exploration, development, or production of oil or natural gas upon lands owned by the state and under the jurisdiction of the commission that are located seaward of the ordinary high water mark for tidal waterways and the ordinary low water mark for navigable nontidal waterways that would result in the increase of oil or natural gas production from federal waters.	Amended: 7/13/2017	9/1/2017-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(12). (Last location was APPR. on 8/23/2017)(May be acted upon Jan 2018)		S2	

7/21/2017-A. 2 YEAR	SB 212	Jackson D	Medical waste.	Current law, the Medical Waste Management Act, administered by the State Department of Public Health, regulates the management and handling of medical waste, as defined. This bill add to the act a definition of "home-generated pharmaceutical waste" as a prescription or over-the-counter human or veterinary home-generated pharmaceutical that is waste and is derived from a household, including, but not limited to, a multifamily residence or household.	Introduced: 2/1/2017	7/21/2017- Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(11). (Last location was E.S. & T.M. on 5/18/2017)(May be acted upon 7/21/2017)		S2	DTSC letter
9/19/2017-S. ENROLLED	SB 258	Lara D	Cleaning Product Right to Know Act of 2017.	Current law regulates the existence of, and disclosure of, specified chemicals and components in consumer products, including phthalates and bisphenol A. This bill would require a manufacturer of a designated product, as defined, that is sold in the state to disclose on the product label and on the product's Internet Web site information related to chemicals contained in the designated product, as specified.	Enrolled: 9/19/2017	9/19/2017- Enrolled and presented to the Governor at 4 p.m.		S3	

5. CCDEH: Water and Land Use

Location	Measure	Author	Topic	Brief Summary	Current Text	Status	Calendar	Position	Notes 1
9/16/2017-A. H. & C.D.	AB 166	Salas D	Building Homes and Jobs Act: recording fee: hardship refund.	Current law authorizes a fee for recording and indexing every instrument, paper, or notice required or permitted by law to be recorded, not to exceed \$10 for the first page and \$3 for each additional page, to reimburse a county for the costs of specified services relating to recording those documents. Current law authorizes various additional recording fees for specified purposes. This bill would authorize a property owner to request a refund based on hardship of a fee, proposed to be imposed by SB 2, if he or she files a claim with the county recorder, in the county in which the fee was collected, that certifies under penalty of perjury that he or she meets specified criteria related to household income and the fee was levied and collected as part of a transaction to a refinance of the property that was the subject of the recording.	Amended: 9/8/2017	9/16/2017-Referred to Com. on H. & C.D. pursuant to Assembly Rule 77.2. Joint Rule 62(a), file notice suspended. From committee: That the Senate amendments be concurred in. (Ayes 4. Noes 2.) (September		NEUTRAL	POU/POE OK if stop-gap
10/3/2017-A. CHAPTERED	AB 277	Mathis R	Water and Wastewater Loan and Grant Program.	Would, to the extent funding is made available, authorize the State Water Resources Control Board to establish the Water and Wastewater Loan and Grant Program to provide funding to eligible applicants for specified purposes relating to drinking water and wastewater treatment. This bill would authorize a county or qualified nonprofit organization to apply to the board for a grant to award loans or grants, or both, to an eligible applicant. The bill would authorize the board to use a funding source that is authorized for and consistent with the purposes of the program.	Chaptered: 10/3/2017	10/3/2017- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 438, Statutes of 2017.		S2	
2/13/2017-A. ED.	AB 305	Arambula D	School accountability report card: drinking water access points.	Would amend the Classroom Instructional Improvement and Accountability Act to also require the school accountability report card to include an assessment of the drinking water access points at each school site, as specified. The bill would require the State Department of Education to compile the assessments and transmit them to the State Water Resources Control Board. By imposing additional duties on local educational agency officials, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program. The bill would provide that the Legislature finds and declares that the changes made to the act by its provisions further the purposes of the act.	Introduced: 2/6/2017	4/5/2017-In committee: Hearing postponed by committee.		S2	2 year bill
10/6/2017-A. CHAPTERED	AB 355	Chu D	Water pollution: enforcement.	Current law permits the State Water Resources Control Board or regional board, in lieu of assessing all or a portion of the mandatory minimum penalties against a publicly owned treatment works serving a small community, as defined, to elect to require the publicly owned treatment works to spend an equivalent amount towards completion of a compliance project proposed by the publicly owned treatment works if the state board or regional board makes certain findings. Current law, for these purposes, defines "a publicly owned treatment works serving a small community." This bill, for purposes of the exception, would instead define publicly owned treatment works serving a small community as a publicly owned treatment works serving a population of 20,000 persons or fewer or a rural county, with	Chaptered: 10/6/2017	10/6/2017- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 524, Statutes of 2017.		S/A	OK with language requiring consultation with locals

7/21/2017-S. 2 YEAR	AB 366	Obernolte R	Civil actions: fee recovery.	Current law enumerates the costs that a prevailing party may recover in a civil action. Current law provides that costs for models and enlargements of exhibits and photocopies of exhibits may be recovered if the items were reasonably helpful to aid the trier of fact. This bill would authorize a prevailing party to recover fees for the costs associated with the electronic presentation of exhibits, including costs of rental equipment and electronic formatting.	Amended: 6/29/2017	7/21/2017- Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(11). (Last location was RLS. on 7/3/2017)(May be acted upon by 2017)		REVIEW	Need clarification that only for disaster rebuild
10/9/2017-A. CHAPTERED	AB 367	Obernolte R	Water supply: building permits.	Current law prohibits a city, including a charter city, or a county from issuing a building permit for the construction of a new residential development where a source of the water supply is water transported by a water hauler, bottled water, a water-vending machine, or a retail water facility. Under current law, this prohibition on the issuance of a building permit does not apply to a residence that will be rebuilt because of a natural disaster. This bill would exempt from the prohibition on the issuance of a building permit a residence that will be rebuilt because of a fire and would provide that this is declaratory of existing law.	Chaptered: 10 /9/2017	10/9/2017- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 612, Statutes of 2017.		S2	
10/6/2017-A. CHAPTERED	AB 574	Quirk D	Potable reuse.	Current law required the State Department of Public Health to, on or before December 31, 2013, adopt uniform water recycling criteria for indirect potable reuse for groundwater recharge. Current law also required the department to develop and adopt uniform water recycling criteria for surface water augmentation, as defined, by December 31, 2016, if a specified expert panel found that the criteria would adequately protect public health, and required the department to investigate the feasibility of developing uniform water recycling criteria for direct potable reuse and to provide a final report on that investigation to the Legislature by December 31, 2016. Current law defined the terms "direct potable reuse" and "surface water augmentation" for these purposes. This bill would specify that "direct potable reuse" includes "raw water augmentation" and "treated drinking water augmentation."	Chaptered: 10 /6/2017	10/6/2017- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 528, Statutes of 2017.		REVIEW (P1)	
10/15/2017-A. CHAPTERED	AB 967	Gloria D	Human remains disposal: alkaline hydrolysis: licensure and regulation.	Would, commencing July 1, 2020, require the Cemetery and Funeral Bureau to license and regulate hydrolysis facilities, as defined, and hydrolysis facility managers, and would enact requirements applicable to hydrolysis facilities substantially similar to those applicable to crematoria. By expanding the definition of crimes relating to the disposition of human remains and creating new crimes, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.	Chaptered: 10 /15/2017	10/15/2017- Signed by the Governor		NEUTRAL	Amendments taken
9/15/2017-S. INACTIVE FILE	AB 1529	Thurmond D	Cross-connection control and backflow protection.	Would require the State Water Resources Control Board, on or before January 1, 2020, to update its backflow protection and cross-connection control regulations and to set forth uniform, statewide standards for the certification of backflow prevention device testers and cross-connection control specialists, as provided. The bill would require a public water system to implement a cross-connection control program that complies with applicable regulations and the standards set forth by the state board.	Amended: 9/8/2017	9/15/2017-Read third time. Refused passage.(FAILE D) (Ayes 10. Noes 21.). Motion to reconsider made by Senator Lara. Reconsideration granted. (Ayes 38. Noes 0.) Ordered to inactive file at the request of Senator Lara.			
10/6/2017-A. CHAPTERED	AB 1671	Caballero D	Backflow protection and cross-connection controls: standards.	Current law requires any person who owns a public water system to ensure that the system does certain things, including, but not limited to, that it will not be subject to backflow under normal operating conditions. Current law, to ensure that testing and maintenance of backflow prevention devices are performed by persons qualified to do testing and maintenance, authorizes local health officers to maintain programs for certification of backflow prevention device testers and requires the certification program to be consistent with backflow protection regulations adopted by the state board. This bill would require a public water system to implement a cross-connection control program that complies with, and would require the	Chaptered: 10 /6/2017	10/6/2017- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 533, Statutes of 2017.		S/A	See Thurmond AB 1529 OK to have single set of standards, need local program authority to be more protective; not BSC

8/28/2017-A. RLS.	SB 210	Leyva D	Heavy-Duty Vehicle Inspection and Maintenance Program.	Current law requires the State Air Resources Board, in consultation with the Bureau of Automotive Repair and a specified review committee, to adopt regulations requiring owners or operators of heavy-duty diesel motor vehicles to perform regular inspections of their vehicles for excessive emissions of smoke. Current law requires the state board, in consultation with the State Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commission, to adopt regulations requiring heavy-duty diesel motor vehicles to use emission control equipment and alternative fuels. This bill would authorize the state board to develop and implement a Heavy-Duty Vehicle Inspection and Maintenance Program for nongasoline heavy-duty onroad motor vehicles, as specified.	Amended: 8/23/2017	8/28/2017-Referred to Com. on RLS. pursuant to Assembly Rule 96.		S2/REVIEW	
10/6/2017-S. CHAPTERED	SB 252	Dodd D	Water wells.	Would, until January 30, 2020, require a city or county overlying a critically overdrafted basin, as defined, to request estimates of certain information from an applicant for a new well located within a critically overdrafted basin as part of an application for a well permit. The bill would require a city or county that receives an application for a well permit in a critically overdrafted basin to make the information about the new well included in the application for a well permit available to both the public and to groundwater sustainability agencies and easily accessible. The bill would authorize a city or county to issue a new well permit within a critically overdrafted basin when these requirements have been met.	Chaptered: 10/6/2017	10/6/2017- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State. Chapter 538, Statutes of 2017.		NEUTRAL	Amendments taken
9/11/2017-S. CHAPTERED	SB 427	Leyva D	Public water systems: community water systems: lead user service lines.	Current law requires, by July 1, 2018, a public water system to compile an inventory of known lead user service lines in use in its distribution system and identify areas that may have lead user service lines in use in its distribution system. This bill would apply the above-described provisions relating to lead user service lines to a community water system, instead of a public water system, and would require, by July 1, 2020, the community water system to provide a timeline for replacement of known lead user service lines in use in its distribution system to the State Water Resources Control Board.	Chaptered: 9/12/2017	9/11/2017- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State. Chapter 238, Statutes of 2017.		S2	
10/14/2017-S. CHAPTERED	SB 541	Allen D	Water: school facility water capture practices.	Would require the State Water Resources Control Board, in consultation with the regional water quality control boards, and the Division of the State Architect within the Department of General Services to recommend best design and use practices for storm water and dry weather runoff capture practices, as defined, that can generally be applied to all new, reconstructed, or altered public schools, including school grounds. The bill would require the board to submit these recommendations to the Governor and the Legislature on or before January 1, 2019, and would require the board and the State Department of Education to post the recommendations on their respective Internet Web sites.	Chaptered: 10/14/2017	10/14/2017- Signed by the Governor		S2	
9/1/2017-A. RLS.	SB 623	Monning D	Water quality: Safe and Affordable Drinking Water Fund.	Would establish the Safe and Affordable Drinking Water Fund in the State Treasury and would provide that moneys in the fund are continuously appropriated to the State Water Resources Control Board. The bill would require the board to administer the fund to secure access to safe drinking water for all Californians, while also ensuring the long-term sustainability of drinking water service and infrastructure. The bill would authorize the state board to provide for the deposit into the fund of federal contributions, voluntary contributions, gifts, grants, bequests, and settlements from parties responsible for contamination of drinking water supplies.	Amended: 8/21/2017	9/1/2017-From committee: Without recommendation. (Ayes 11. Noes 0.) (September 1) Re-referred to Com. on RLS.		Seek support with amendments	CCDEH amendments taken RCRC neutral 2 year bill
5/26/2017-S. 2 YEAR	SB 740	Wiener D	Onsite treated water.	Would, on or before December 1, 2018, require the State Water Resources Control Board, in consultation with other state agencies, to adopt regulations, consistent with federal and state law in effect on January 1, 2018, to provide comprehensive risk-based standards for local jurisdictions permitting programs for onsite recycling of water in multifamily residential, commercial, and mixed-use buildings for nonpotable use. The bill would require the regulations to address specified issues and practices relating to the management, monitoring, and treatment of recycled water for nonpotable use.	Amended: 4/26/2017	5/26/2017- Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(5). (Last location was APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 5/25/2017)(May be acted upon Jan 2018)		S2	Similar to Gatto's AB 1463 2 year bill

2/2/2017-S. RLS.	SCA 4	Hertzberg D	Water conservation.	The California Constitution requires that the water resources of the state be put to beneficial use to the fullest extent of which they are capable and that the waste or unreasonable use or unreasonable method of use of water be prevented. This measure would declare the intent of the Legislature to amend the California Constitution to provide a program that would ensure that affordable water is available to all Californians and to ensure that water conservation is given a permanent role in California's future.	Introduced: 2/2/2017	2/16/2017- Referred to Com. on RLS.		S2	Prop 218 reform
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6. CCDEH: Community EH

Location	Measure	Author	Topic	Brief Summary	Current Text	Status	Calendar	Position	Notes 1
7/14/2017-S. 2 YEAR	AB 62	Wood D	Public housing: smoke-free policy.	Would require all public housing agencies, as defined, to implement a policy prohibiting the smoking of tobacco products, as defined, in all public housing living units, interior areas, and outdoor areas within 25 feet of public housing and administrative buildings, except in designated smoking areas, by July 30, 2018. The bill would exempt dwelling units in a mixed-finance project from these provisions. The bill would encourage those public housing agencies to adopt a graduated enforcement framework for their smoke-free policies, as specified.	Amended: 5/12/017	7/14/2017- Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(10). (Last location was T. & H. on 6/8/2017)(May be acted upon 7/20/17)		REVIEW	Why?
9/29/2017-A. CHAPTERED	AB 72	Santiago D	Housing.	Current law prescribes requirements for the preparation of the housing element, including a requirement that a planning agency submit a draft of the element or draft amendment to the element to the Department of Housing and Community Development prior to the adoption of the element or amendment to the element. Current law requires the department to review the draft and report its written findings, as specified. This bill would require the department to also review any action or failure to act by the city, county, or city and county that it determines is inconsistent with an adopted housing element or a specified provision and to issue written findings, as specified, whether the action or failure to act substantially complies with the housing element.	Chaptered: 9/29/2017	9/29/2017- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 370, Statutes of 2017.		WATCH	
10/14/2017-A. CHAPTERED	AB 74	Chiu D	Housing.	Current law establishes the Department of Housing and Community Development in the Business, Consumer Services, and Housing Agency. This bill would require the department, on or before January 1, 2019, to establish the Housing for a Healthy California Program to create supportive housing opportunities through grants to counties for capital and operating assistance, as specified, or operating reserve grants and capital loans to developers, or both. The bill would require the department to award grants to counties on a competitive basis pursuant to rating and ranking criteria, as specified. The bill would require the county to use grant funds in a specified manner and to comply with federal Housing Trust Fund regulations.	Chaptered: 10/14/2017	10/14/2017- Signed by the Governor		WATCH	
10/7/2017-A. CHAPTERED	AB 210	Santiago D	Homeless multidisciplinary personnel team.	Current law authorizes counties to establish a child abuse multidisciplinary personnel team, as defined, to allow provider agencies to share confidential information in order to investigate reports of suspected child abuse or neglect or for the purpose of child welfare agencies making detention determinations, as specified. This bill would authorize counties to also establish a homeless adult and family multidisciplinary personnel team, as defined, with the goal of facilitating the expedited identification, assessment, and linkage of homeless individuals to housing and supportive services within that county and to allow provider agencies to share confidential information, as specified, for the purpose of coordinating housing and supportive services to ensure continuity of care.	Chaptered: 10/7/2017	10/7/2017- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 544, Statutes of 2017.		WATCH	
10/13/2017-A. VETOED	AB 247	Garcia, Cristina D	Public health: childhood lead poisoning: Lead Advisory Task Force.	Under current law, known as the Childhood Lead Poisoning Prevention Act of 1991, the State Department of Public Health is required to establish procedures for environmental abatement and followup, and undertake other specified measures, designed to reduce the incidence of excessive childhood lead exposure in California. This bill would require, by April 1, 2018, the Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment to convene a Lead Advisory Task Force, with a prescribed membership, to review and advise, as provided, regarding policies and procedures to reduce childhood lead poisoning in the state.	Vetoed: 10/13/2017	10/13/2017- Vetoed by Governor.		S2	

9/1/2017-S. 2 YEAR	AB 735	Maienschein R	Swimming pools: public safety.	Would require public swimming pools, as defined, that are required to provide lifeguard services and that charge a direct fee to additionally provide an Automated External Defibrillator (AED) during pool operations. Because the failure to comply with these provisions would be a crime, the bill would create a state-mandated local program. The bill would also require the State Department of Education, in consultation with the State Department of Public Health, to issue best practices guidelines related to pool safety at K-12 schools.	Amended: 5/26/2017	9/1/2017-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(12). (Last location was APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 7/17/2017)(May be acted upon 10/1/2017)		REVIEW	
10/3/2017-A. CHAPTERED	AB 891	Mayes R	Tribal gaming: compact ratification.	Would ratify the tribal-state gaming compact entered into between the State of California and the Morongo Band of Mission Indians, executed on September 6, 2017. The bill would provide that, in deference to tribal sovereignty, certain actions related to that compact are not projects for purposes of CEQA.	Chaptered: 10/3/2017	10/3/2017-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 447, Statutes of 2017.		S2	
7/14/2017-A. 2 YEAR	SB 43	Hill D	Antimicrobial-resistant infection: reporting.	Would require specified general acute care hospitals and clinical laboratories to submit a report to the Department of Public Health, commencing July 1, 2019, and each July 1 thereafter, containing an antibiogram of the facility for the previous year. The bill would require the Antimicrobial Stewardship and Resistance Subcommittee of the Healthcare Associated Infections Advisory Committee of the department, on or before January 1, 2019, to develop and recommend to the department, the acceptable electronic format for the report and a method for the department to accurately estimate the number of deaths that result from antimicrobial resistant infections for specified types of antimicrobial infections.	Amended: 4/5/2017	7/14/2017-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(10). (Last location was HEALTH on 6/8/2017)(May be acted upon Jan 2018)		WATCH	
7/14/2017-A. 2 YEAR	SB 46	Leyva D	Mobilehomes: enforcement actions: sunset provision.	The Mobilehome Parks Act requires the Department of Housing and Community Development or a city, county, or city and county that assumes responsibility for the enforcement of the act to enter and inspect mobilehome parks with a goal of inspecting at least 5% of the parks each year to ensure enforcement of the act and implementing regulations. Current law also requires an enforcement agency to issue notice to correct a violation and provides for procedures for owners or operators to dispute and appeal violation notices, as specified. Existing law repeals these provisions on January 1, 2019. A violation of these provisions is a misdemeanor. This bill would remove the repeal date of January 1, 2019, and would extend these provisions to January 1, 2020.	Amended: 5/26/2017	7/14/2017-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(10). (Last location was H. & C.D. on 6/12/2017)(May be acted upon Jan 2018)		REVIEW	
9/5/2017-A. INACTIVE FILE	SB 377	Monning D	Lead-based paint.	Would require the State Department of Public Health, within one year of the Legislature providing sufficient funding, to review and amend its regulations governing lead-related construction work, including training and certification for workers and accreditation for trainers in lead-safe work practices, to comply with existing state regulations and the United States Environmental Protection Agency's Lead Renovation, Repair, and Painting Rule, as specified. The bill would require the adoption of those regulations to establish fee provisions for those certifications and accreditations. The bill would require the fees to be deposited into the Lead-Related Construction Fund.	Amended: 8/21/2017	9/5/2017-Read second time. Ordered to third reading. Ordered to inactive file on request of Assembly Member Goldner.		REVIEW	
5/25/2017-S. APPR. SUSPENSE FILE	SB 382	Pan D	Pest control: mosquito abatement.	Would create the California Mosquito Surveillance and Research Program Account, to be administered by the State Department of Public Health, to fund California-based surveillance and research on mosquitoes. The bill would appropriate \$2,000,000 from the General Fund to the account, thereby making an appropriation. The bill would require that \$1,500,000 of that money be used to fund the California Vectorborne Disease Surveillance System, known as CalSurv, to perform specified functions.	Amended: 3/20/2017	5/25/2017-May 25 hearing: Held in committee and under submission.		S2	Held in Approps
10/11/2017-S. CHAPTERED	SB 442	Newman D	Public health: pools: drownings.	Would require, when a building permit is issued, that the pool or spa be equipped with at least 2 of 7 specified drowning prevention safety features. The bill would revise the characteristics of some of those safety features.	Chaptered: 10/11/2017	10/11/2017-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State. Chapter 670, Statutes of 2017.		REVIEW	Check with HOAC Electrical shock hazard?

10/11/2017-S. CHAPTERED	SB 563	Lara D	Residential wood smoke.	Would establish the Woodsmoke Reduction Program to be administered by the State Air Resources Board, in coordination with air districts, to promote the voluntary replacement of old wood-burning stoves with cleaner and more efficient alternatives in order to achieve short- and long-term climate benefits and localized public health benefits, as specified. The bill would authorize moneys from the Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund to be allocated for incentives offered as part of the program. By adding to the duties of air districts, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.	Chaptered: 10/11/2017	10/11/2017- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State. Chapter 671, Statutes of 2017.		S3	
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7. CCDEH: Environmental Health IT

Location	Measure	Author	Topic	Brief Summary	Current Text	Status	Calendar	Position	Notes 1
10/14/2017-A. CHAPTERED	AB 1022	Irwin D	Information technology: Technology Recovery Plans: inventory.	Would require each state agency, as part of its Technology Recovery Plan, to provide the Department of Technology with an inventory of all critical infrastructure controls, and their associated assets, in the possession of the agency. The bill would authorize a local entity that receives state funds for the purposes of storing, sharing, or transmitting data, or in support of an information technology project with a state entity, upon the request of the department, to submit a Technology Recovery Plan, as specified, to the department. The bill would authorize the department to provide suggestions with regard to the plans.	Chaptered: 10/14/2017	10/14/2017- Signed by the Governor		WATCH	

Total Measures: 101

Positions Key:									
S1 - Strong Support									
S2 - Moderate Support									
S3 - Nominal Support									
S/A - Support if amended									
O/A - Oppose unless amended									
WATCH									
N - Neutral/No position									
O1 - Strong Opposition									
O2 - Moderate Opposition									
O3 - Nominal Opposition									
P1 - Priority									
CONCERN									
REVIEW									